

Department of Public Works and Highways Flood Control Management Cluster





Flood Mitigation in Philippines





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Outline of Presentation

1. Flooding Scenario in the Philippines

- Why is Metro Manila and Surrounding Areas Perennially Flooded?
- 2009 Typhoon Ondoy Metro Manila Flooding

2. Policy Direction / Framework

- World Bank Proposed Projects
- Mangahan Floodway
- Paranaque Spillway
- Laguna Lakeshore Ringdike Project
- Marikina Dam

3. Actions / Challengers to Mitigate Flooding

Completed and On-going Initiatives

The PhilippinesWater-Related Disaster Data

7, 107 islands

Land Area : 298,170 km²

Population : 105 Million

Annual rainfall : 2,400 mm

- 92.5% of disasters caused by typhoons
- Ranked 1st in the world: vulnerability to typhoons
- Ranked 3rd in 2012 World Risk Index Report



Flood Risk Index

Philippine Flood Risk Index Basic Concept

Philippine Flood Risk Index (PFRI,)

 $PFRI_c = \frac{Hazard \times Exposure \times Basic Vulnerability}{Capacity (Soft Countermeasures + Hard Countermeasures)}$

[Five (5) Sub-Indices]

1.	Hazard Index	(H))
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- Exposure Index (E)
- Basic Vulnerability (V)
- Capacity (Soft Countermeasures) (CS)
- Capacity (Hard Countermeasures) (CH)





River Basins in the Philippines

- 18 Major River Basins
- Catchment Area > 1,400 km²
- 421 Principal River Basins
- Catchment Area > 40 km²
- With intense rainfall:
 - overflowing of waterways
 - ✓ inundation and deposition of sediment in flood plains
 - extensive flood damages often result.

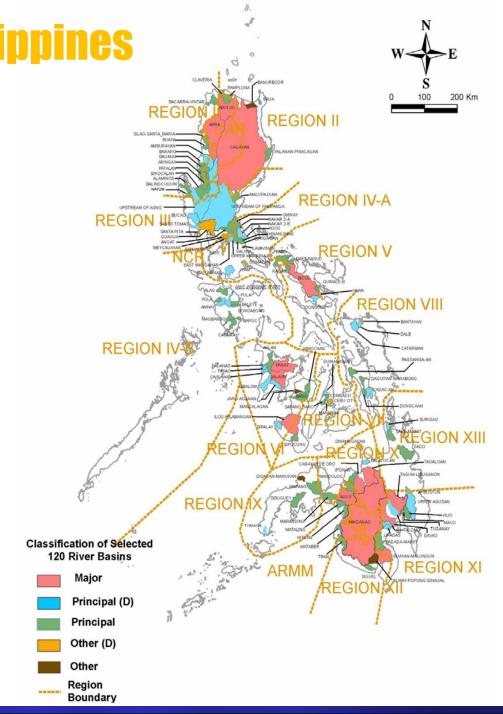
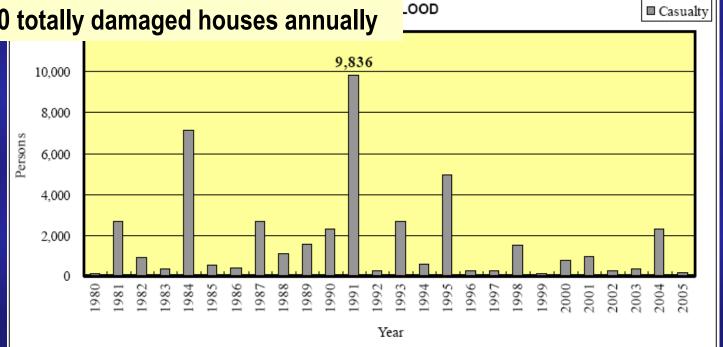


Table Recorded Annual Flood Damages in the Philippines

	I and the second								
1	Population Affected		Causalities		House Damaged		Damage		
	Year								Value*
		Families	Persons	Dead	Missing	Injured	Totally	Partially	(\$ million)
¢ 200 Million (0)(4070 0040 Days (a Farry Data)						30.66			
\$ 208 Million (CY 1970-2010 Damage to Economy Data)						26.52			
	1982	266,476	1,569,017	337	223	347	84,027	97,485	36.54
¢ 160 I	Milliar	a loot on	nually	126	168	28	29,892	85,072	10.90
\$ 168 Million lost annually			1,979	4,426	732	310,646	313,391	8.67	
	1985	318,106	1,643,142	211	300	17	8,204	211,151	0.6
700 persons killed annually 171 43 155 3,162 14,595						38.29			
700 persons killed aillidally			1,020	213	1,455	180,550	344,416	182.56	
	1988	1.173.994	6.081.572	429	195	468	134,344	585,732	180.73
2.8 M people affected annually 382 89 1,088 56,473 184,584						93.63			
2.0 101	Cobic	ancolo	a amiliaai	676	262	1,392	223,535	636,742	244.02
	1991	150 894	750 335	5 201	4 278	357	15 458	83 664	1 54
77 000 totally demograd bourses appually						■ Casualty			





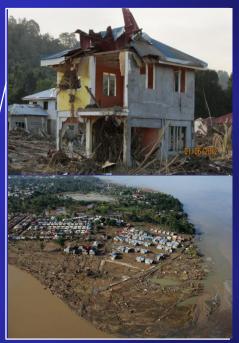


Recent Mega Flood Disasters

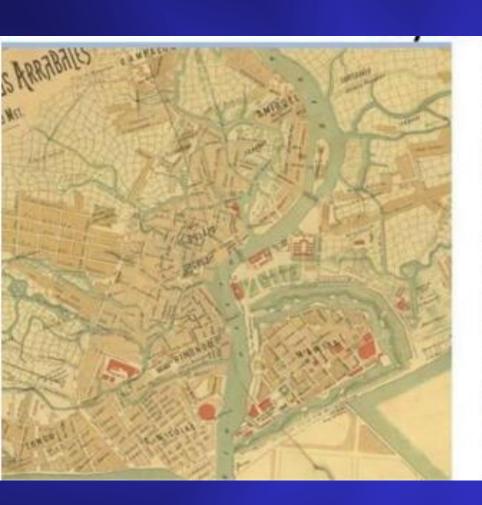
Philippine Destructive Typhoons in the last 10 years (2006-2016)

RANK	NAME OF TYPHOON	DATE	DEATHS	COST IN DAMAGE (\$)
1	Typhoon Haiyan	Nov. 6-8, 2013	7,041	\$1.98B
2	Typhoon Pablo	Dec. 2-12, 2012	1,900	\$930M
3	Typhoon Ketsana	Sept. 26-29, 2009	956	\$430M
4	Typhoon Washi	Dec. 16-18, 2011	1,257	\$35M
5	Typhoon Frank	June 18-22, 2008	557	\$296M
6	Typhoon Milenyo	Sept.25-26, 2006	213	\$147M
7	Typhoon Reming	Nov.30, 2006	1,479	\$26.66M
8	Typhoon Violeta / Winnie	Nov.22-Dec.3, 2004	1,232	\$178M
9	Typhoon Washi	Dec. 16-18, 2011	1,257	\$35M
10	Typhoon Koppu	Oct. 19, 2015	12	\$3.96M





WHY IS THE FLOOD PROBLEM IN MANILA SO HUGE?





LOOK BACK ON FLOOD CAUSE

Occurrence of extreme rainfall amount and intensity.

(According to PAGASA the 24-hr rainfall of 455mm recorded from 8am Saturday to 8am Sunday at the Science Garden in Quezon City is equivalent to a return period of more than 100 years.)

 Existing river channels do not have the capacity to contain extreme discharge

(Pasig River has a present flow capacity of 500m³/s, Marikina River with a 900m³/s, and in Cainta, Antipolo, Angono & Taytay with 22m³/s each)

 Existing Internal drainage systems in Metro Manila cannot contain the unusual runoff (JICA Study on the Drainage Improvement in the Core Area of Metropolitan Manila, March 2005)

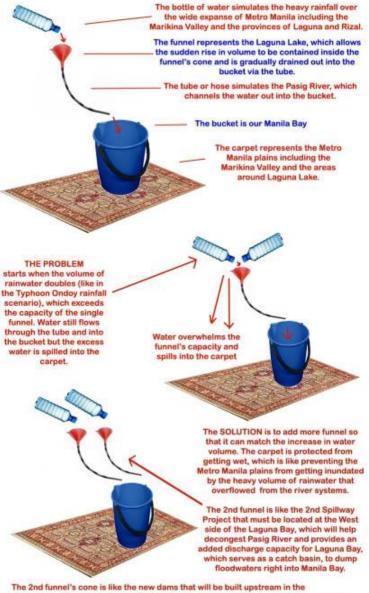
(Old drainage system constructed in 1975 already 70% silted; the runoff coefficient varies from 0.4-0.5. At present, due to rapid urbanization, the runoff coefficient was significantly increased.)

 Existing internal drainage systems are clogged up by 70% due to indiscriminate throwing of garbage.

Demonstration on Metro Manila Flooding Scenario

Simulation using a bucket, funnel, hose and a bottle of water

Flipzi's Cove http://z6.invisionfree.com/flipzi



The 2nd funnel's cone is like the new dams that will be built upstream in the Rodriguez-San Mateo area and the Laiban Dam project east of Laguna bay, as well as the other rainwater collection facilities across the region, including the 5-storey deep cistern underneath the Fort Bonifacio commercial center.

This network of flood control projects will prevent the vast Metro Manila and Rizal-Laguna plains from getting flooded.

Flipzi's Cove http://z6.invisionfree.com/flipzi

FLOOD CONDITIONS IN METRO MANILA DURING TYPHOON KETSANA IN 2009

Flood Condition by **Ondoy in Pasig Marikina** River Area



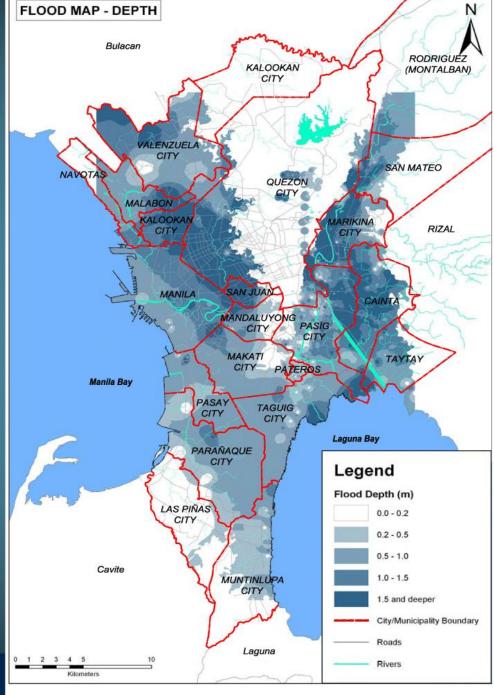














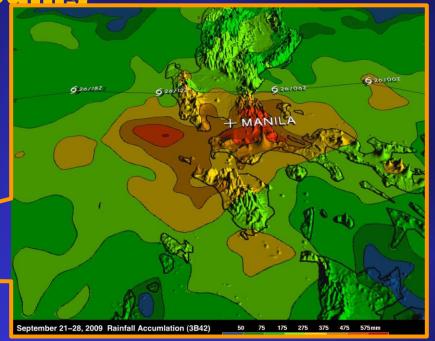




2009 Metro Manila Flooding

Typhoon Ketsana (26 Sept 2009)





- Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission (TRMM) / NASA – Multi Satellite Precipitation Analysis (MPA) showed Typhoon 'Ketsana' poured 575mm of rainfall (6hr Rainfall)
- Monthly ave. (November) rainfall in manila was poured over in 1 day.

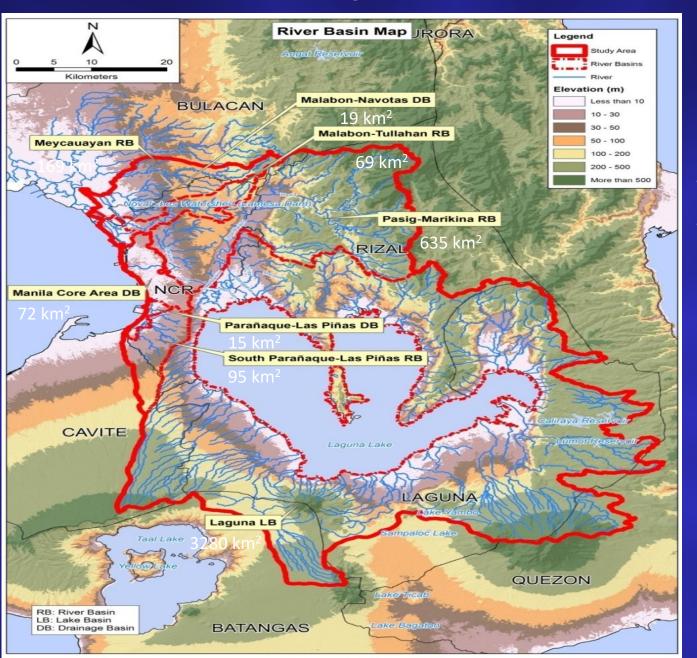


2009 Metro Manila Flooding Typhoon Ketsana (26 Sept 2009)



MASTER PLAN FOR FLOOD MANAGEMENT IN METRO MANILA AND SURROUNDING AREAS

Master Plan for Flood Management in Metro Manila and Surrounding Areas

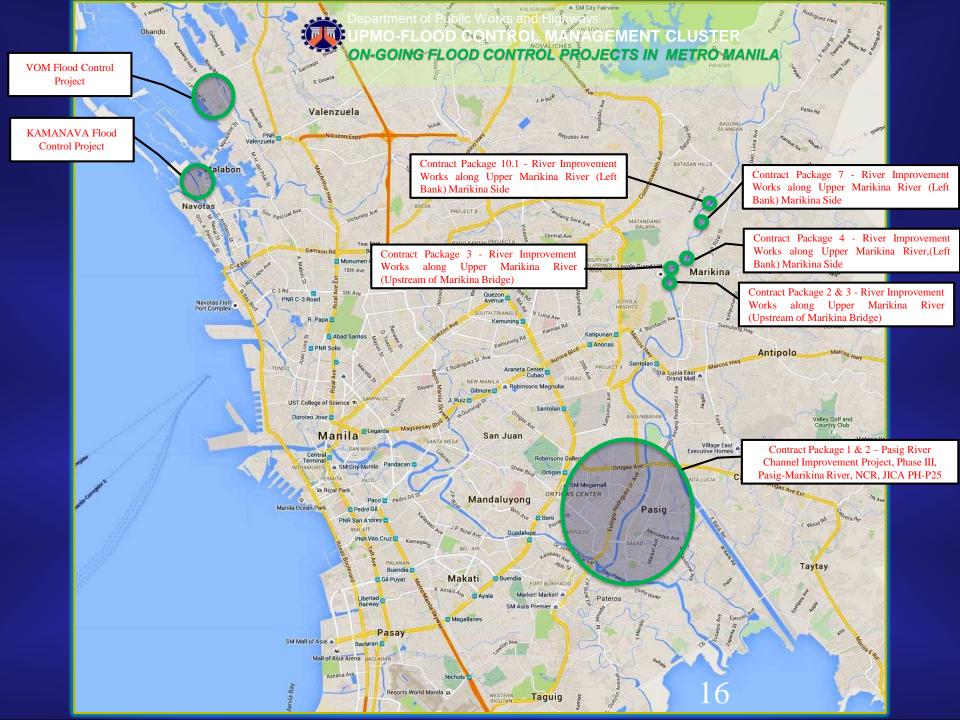


Based on river basins: Pasig-Marikina River Basin and Laguna Lake Basin.

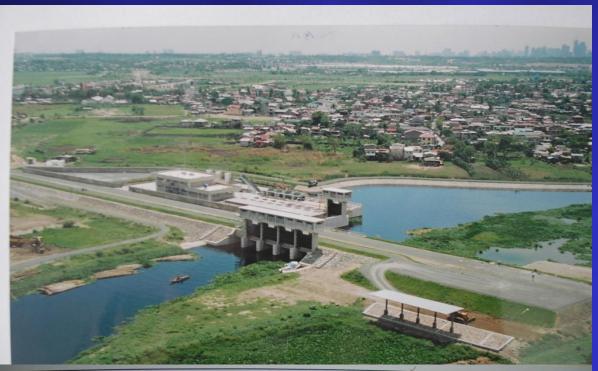
Total area: 4,354 km²

Total Population: 17.1 M

Boundary of Study Area and the River Basins



Metro Manila Flood Control Project-West of Mangahan Floodway



MINTER PRODUCT -VENT OF MANAGEM PLOOD CONTROL FROM - S. S. O. W. PROGRAM 150M - S.

Components

- Lakeshore Dike: 10.8 km long including 1 bridge (150 m) from Lower Bicutan to Mangahan Floodway
- Bridge: 1 site (Napindan; 150 m)
- Parapet Wall: 5.16 km in total along Napindan River Banks
- Floodgates: 8 sites
- Pumping Stations: 4 sites (Total Capacity; 36 m3/s)
- Regulation Ponds: 4 sites (at each pumping station)

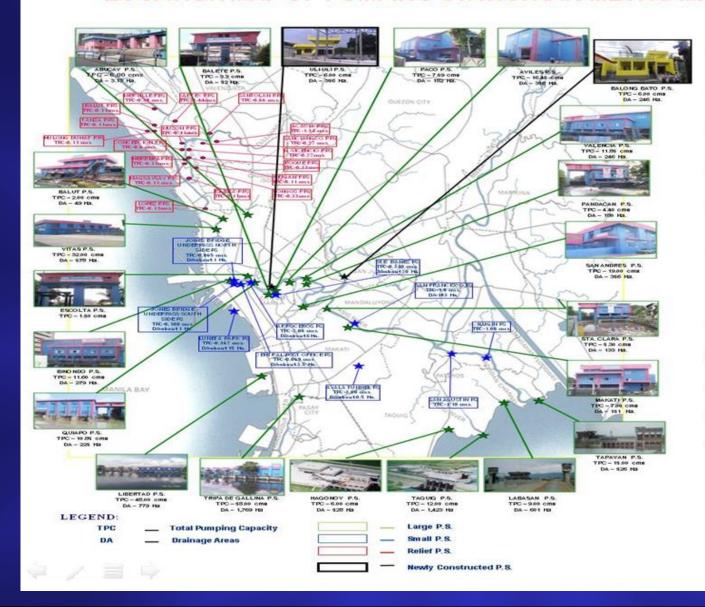




Department of Public Works and Highways

UPMO-FLOOD CONTROL MANAGEMENT CLUSTER

LOCATION MAP OF PUMPING STATIONS IN METRO MANILA



FUNCTIONS:

TO PUMP OUT WATER FROM ESTERO SIDES INTO RIVERS AND BAYS IN ORDER TO CREATE RETARDING RESERVOIR/ STORAGE AREA FOR LOCAL RUNOFF DURING HEAVY RAINFALL.

AREA SERVED: 5,385 hectares

CATEGORIES:

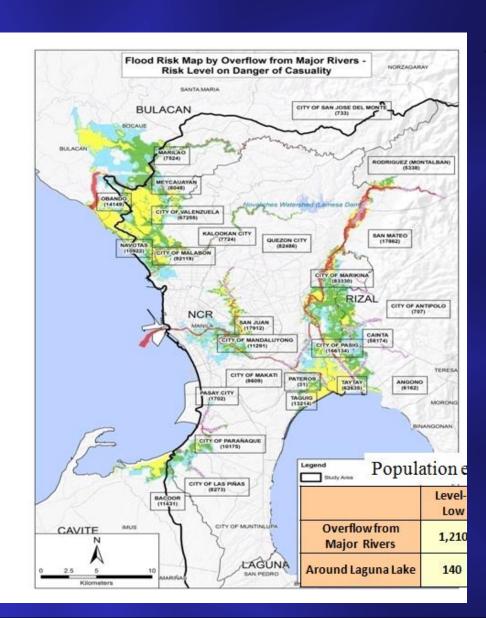
LARGE PS	22
SMALL PS	12
RELIEF PS	18
TOTAL	52



Policy Direction / Framework

DPWH Efforts to Mitigate Flooding in Metro Manila

- Flood Management Master Plan for Manila
 - Prioritize the construction of flood structures in highly flood prone areas
 - Bureau of Design Upgrades on Flood Control and Drainage Standards
 - a) Min. flood return periods of drainage pipes (15 yr flood); esteros/creeks (15 yr flood);
 - b) principal and major rivers (50 yr flood).



Laguna Lakeshore: Long Flood Control Projects

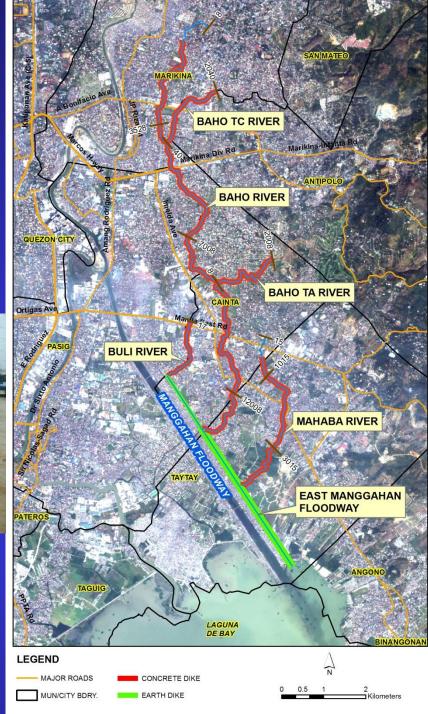




East Mangahan Floodway

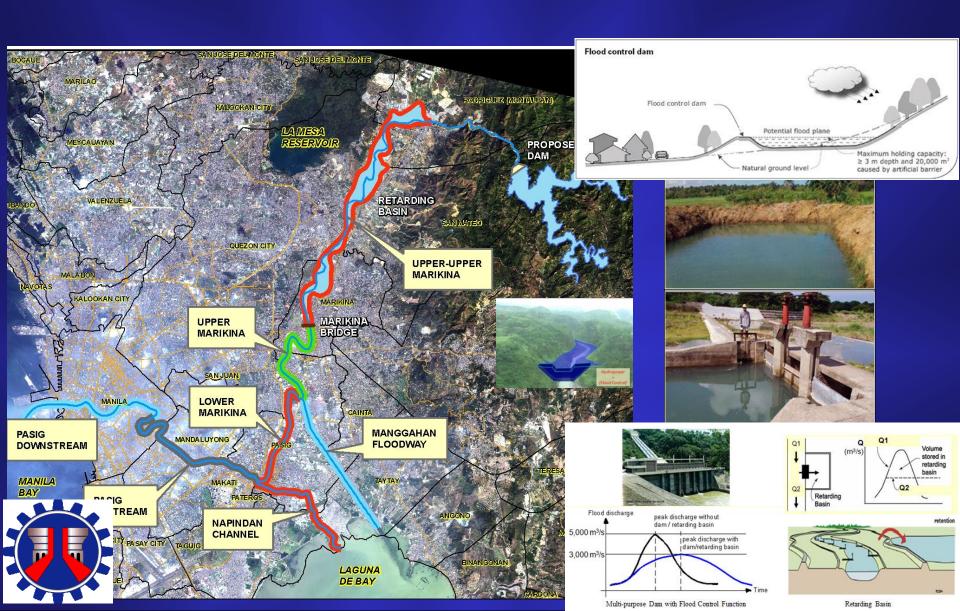
Including Improvement of Inflow Rivers





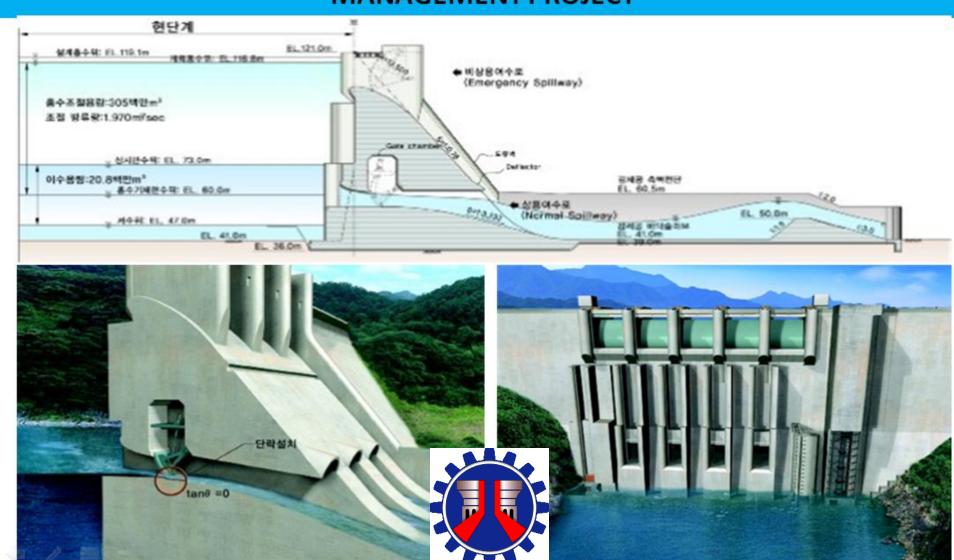
Marikina Dam

DPWH Efforts to Mitigate Flooding in Metro Manila

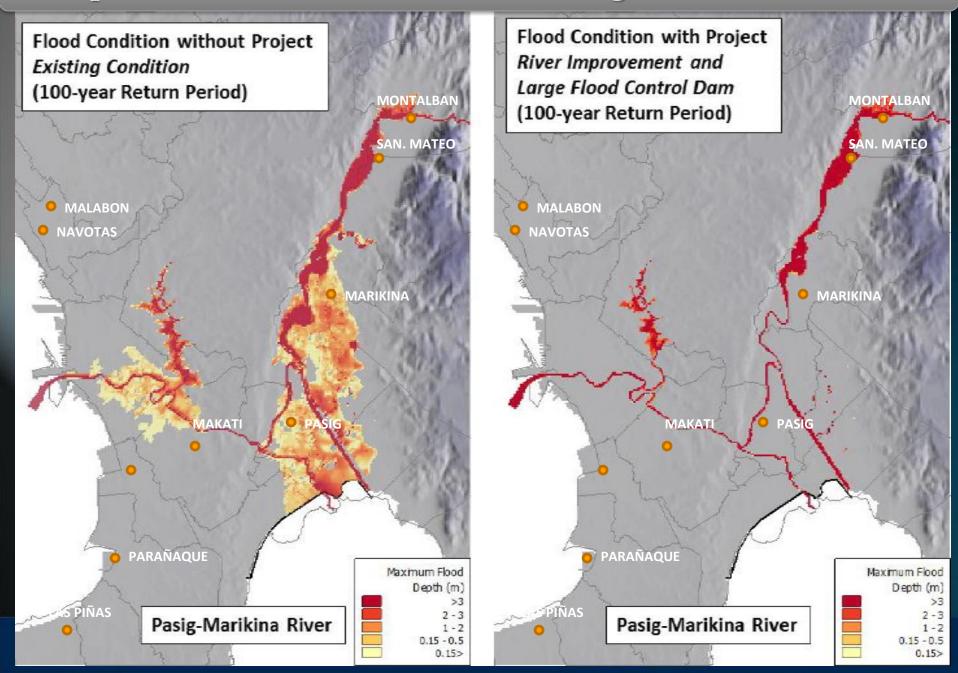


Marikina Dam

FEASIBILITY STUDY AND DETAILED ENGINEERING DESIGN OF THE PROPOSED UPPER MARIKINA DAM, GREATER METRO MANILA AREA FLOOD MANAGEMENT PROJECT



Comparison of Flood Condition in the Pasig-Marikina River Basin

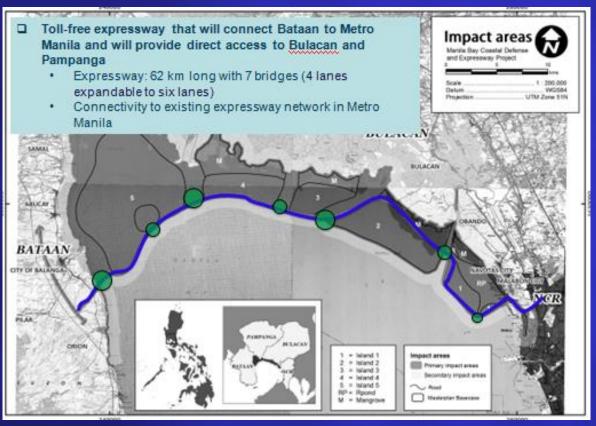


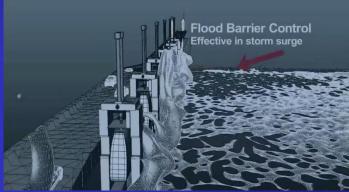
Policy Direction / Framework

DPWH Efforts to Mitigate Flooding in Metro Manila

4. Coastal Flood Defense and Sea Barrier

Metro Manila flood proofing thru flood gates and coastal sea barrier for protection against coastal flooding and storm surge







Issues and Challenges

Efforts to Mitigate Flood Disasters

Pursuing Integrated Flood Management

Hazard Map – Development of flood inundation map, pre-and-post flood disaster, that shows flood prone areas, no built-zones (no habitation zones) that reflects the old-cadastral river boundary

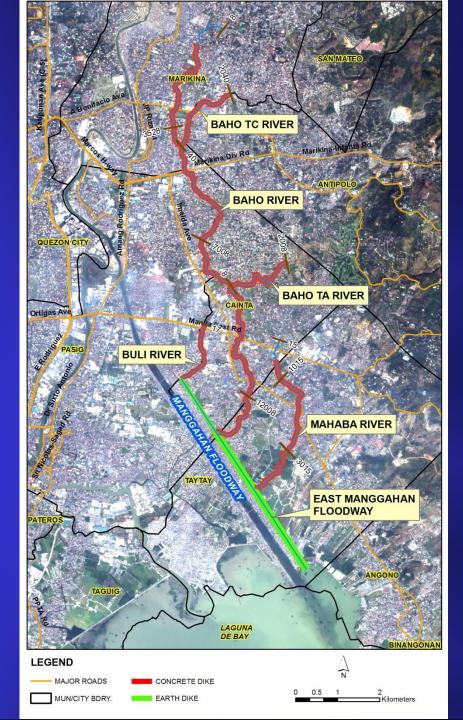




ISSUES and ChallengesRelocation of Informal Settler Families







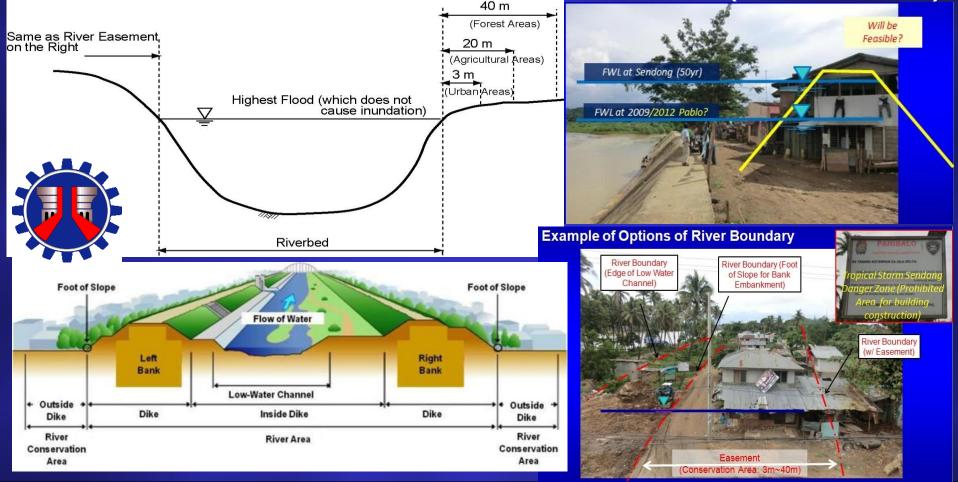
Issues and Challenges

Efforts to Mitigate Flood Disasters

Enforcement of PD 1067 / RA10752

Article No. 51 - Designation of River Easements

Article No. 53 - Declaration of Flood Control Areas (No Build Zones)

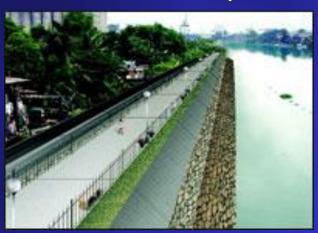




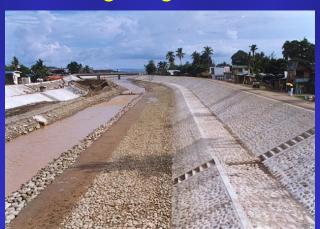
Completed and On-going Initiatives

DPWH Efforts to Mitigate Flooding in Metro Manila

Completed and Ongoing Flood Control Projects



Pasig – Marikina River Improvement



Ormoc Flood Mitigation Project



Anilao Slit-Type Sabo Dam



Camiguin Sabo Dam



KAMANAVA Flood Control Project

Pinatubo Groundsills